



# Energy Storage Solutions

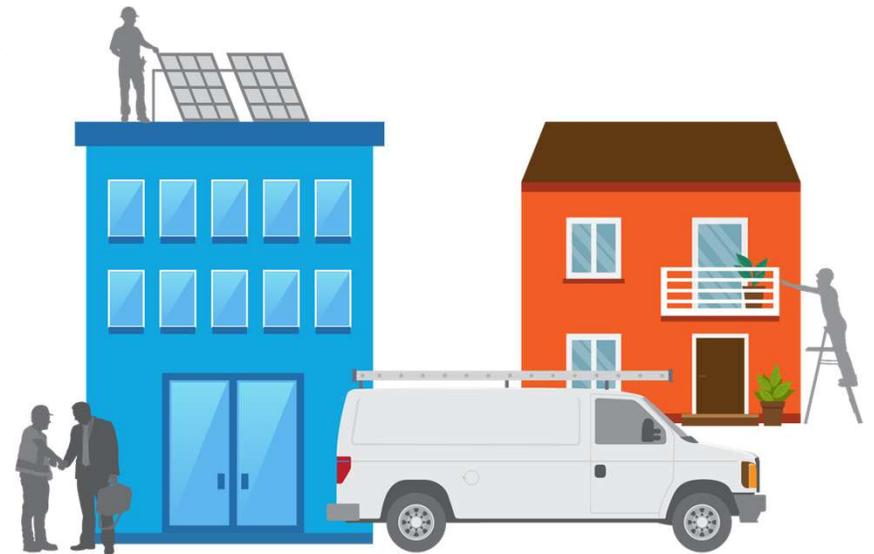
For Houses of Worship and Faith Communities

October 29, 2025



# Agenda

1. About the Connecticut Green Bank
2. Why Energy Storage ?
3. Program Design
4. Incentives
5. Get Started
6. Questions & Discussion



# Mission & Vision



**Connecticut Green Bank** is the nation's first state level green bank. Established in 2011 as a quasi-public agency, the Green Bank uses limited public dollars to attract private capital investment and offers green solutions that help people, businesses and all of Connecticut thrive.

**Our mission** is to confront climate change by increasing and accelerating investment into Connecticut's green economy to create more resilient, healthier, and equitable communities.



# Our Goals



**Leverage limited public resources** to scale-up and mobilize private capital investment in the green economy of Connecticut.

**Pursue investment strategies** that advance market transformation in green investing while supporting the organization's financial sustainability goals.

**Strengthen Connecticut's communities,** especially vulnerable communities, by making the benefits of the green economy inclusive and accessible to all individuals, families, and businesses.



# The Green Bank Model

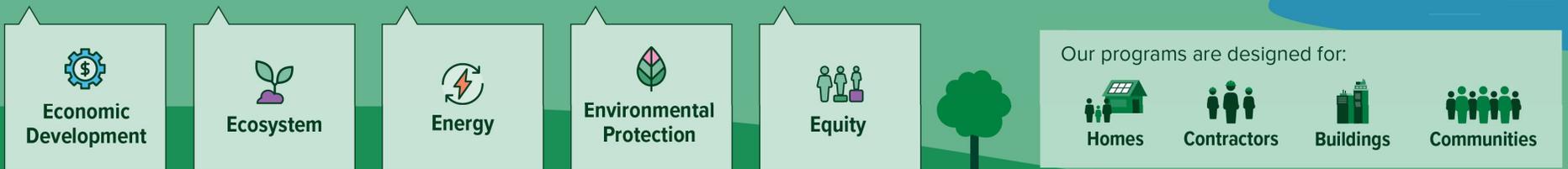
## 1 Attract Private Investment by Leveraging Public Funding



## 2 Apply Innovative Financial Tools to Deploy Investment Towards Our Programs



## 3 Deliver Social and Environmental Benefits to Connecticut's Families and Businesses



# Societal Impact Report



**FY12  
FY25**

Since the Connecticut Green Bank's inception through the bipartisan legislation in July 2011, we have mobilized more than \$3.11 billion of investment into the State's green economy.

To do this, we used \$463.3 million in Green Bank dollars to attract \$2.65 billion in private investment, a leverage ratio of \$6.70 for every \$1. The impact of our deployment of renewable energy and energy efficiency to families, businesses, and our communities is shown in terms of:

- **Economic Development**
- **Energy**
- **Environmental Protection**
- **Equity**



# By the Numbers



## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

**JOBS** The Green Bank has supported the creation of more than **30,539** direct, indirect, and induced job-years.



### TAX REVENUES

The Green Bank's activities have helped generate an estimated **\$157.9** million in state tax revenues.



**\$60.6 million**  
individual income tax

**\$60.6 million**  
corporate taxes

**\$35.4 million**  
sales taxes

**\$1.2 million**  
property taxes

## ENERGY

### ENERGY BURDEN

The Green Bank has reduced the energy costs on families, businesses, and our communities.



**69,000+**  
families



**8,500+**  
businesses

### DEPLOYMENT

The Green Bank has accelerated the growth of renewable energy to more than **732.2 MW** and lifetime savings of over **93.9 million MMBTUs** through energy efficiency projects.



# By the Numbers



## ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

**POLLUTION** The Green Bank has helped reduce air emissions that cause climate change and worsen public health, including **7.4** million pounds of SOx and **9.3** million pounds of NOx lifetime.



**11.8 MILLION**  
tons of CO<sub>2</sub> :  
**EQUALS**



**178 MILLION**  
tree seedlings  
grown for 10 years

**OR**



**2.3 MILLION**  
passenger vehicles  
driven for one year

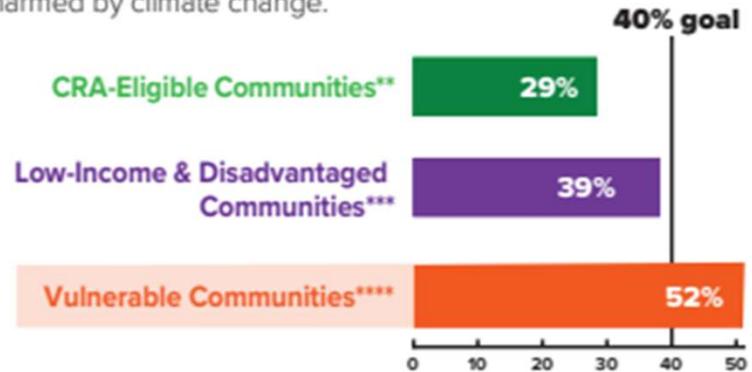
**PUBLIC HEALTH** The Green Bank has improved the lives of families, helping them avoid sick days, hospital visits, and even death.



**\$234.7 – \$530.8 million of lifetime public health value created**

## EQUITY

**INVESTING** in vulnerable communities, The Green Bank has set **goals** to reach **40% investment** in communities that may be disproportionately harmed by climate change.



\*\* Community Reinvestment Act (CRA) Eligible Communities – households at or below 80% of Area Median Income (AMI)

\*\*\* Low-Income and Disadvantaged Communities – those within federal Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool and Environmental Justice Screening Tool

\*\*\*\* Vulnerable Communities – consistent with the definition of Public Act 20-05, including low- to moderate-income communities (i.e., less than 100% AMI), CRA-eligible communities, and environmental justice communities (e.g., including DECD distressed communities)

# Our Solutions

The Green Bank is helping Connecticut flourish by offering green solutions for homes and buildings, and by creating innovative ways to invest in the green economy.



# Program Background



# What is Battery Energy Storage?



Typical large commercial system: 2 MW / 4 MWh



Provides backup during power outages



May help save on electricity costs



Comes in a variety of sizes to fit any need

Typical residential system: 20 kW / 30 kWh



Can charge from solar panels or directly from the grid

# Why Energy Storage for Connecticut?

Smooth out peak demand on the grid



Bring down energy costs for **all ratepayers**

Provide backup power when needed



Be resilient while addressing climate change

# Program Progress

## Buildings



**87** projects approved  
**169 MW / 409 MWh**  
**\$290,219,675** in total investment  
**\$50,546,616** in Upfront Incentives approved

**5** projects completed  
**756 kW / 2.7 MWh**

## Homes



**1,133** projects approved  
**13 MW / 26 MWh**  
**\$30,419,945** in total investment  
**\$8,008,072** in Upfront Incentives approved  
**383** underserved or low-income (goal of 40%)

**551** projects completed  
**6.7 MW / 2.7 MWh**

# Why Energy Storage Houses of Worship?

Reduce your  
monthly  
peak  
demand\*

Keep your  
community  
safe during  
an outage

Reduce  
peak  
demand in  
CT

## Why Energy Storage for your House of Worship?

Reduce your  
monthly  
peak  
demand\*

\*If applicable to your utility rate, you can use a battery to charge during off-peak times and discharge during peak operations, **avoiding high demand charges** for power consumption

# Why Energy Storage for your House of Worship?

Keep your  
community  
safe during  
an outage



**Keep your community safe** by  
providing shelter and safety during an  
outage



Backup your whole building or keep  
**critical lighting and safety equipment**  
running

# Why Energy Storage for your House of Worship?

Reduce  
peak  
demand in  
CT



**Reduce your carbon emissions**, paired with or without solar panels



**Earn incentives** to make Connecticut's grid cleaner and cheaper

Program Design



# Program Design

Customers can receive two types of incentives through Energy Storage Solutions:

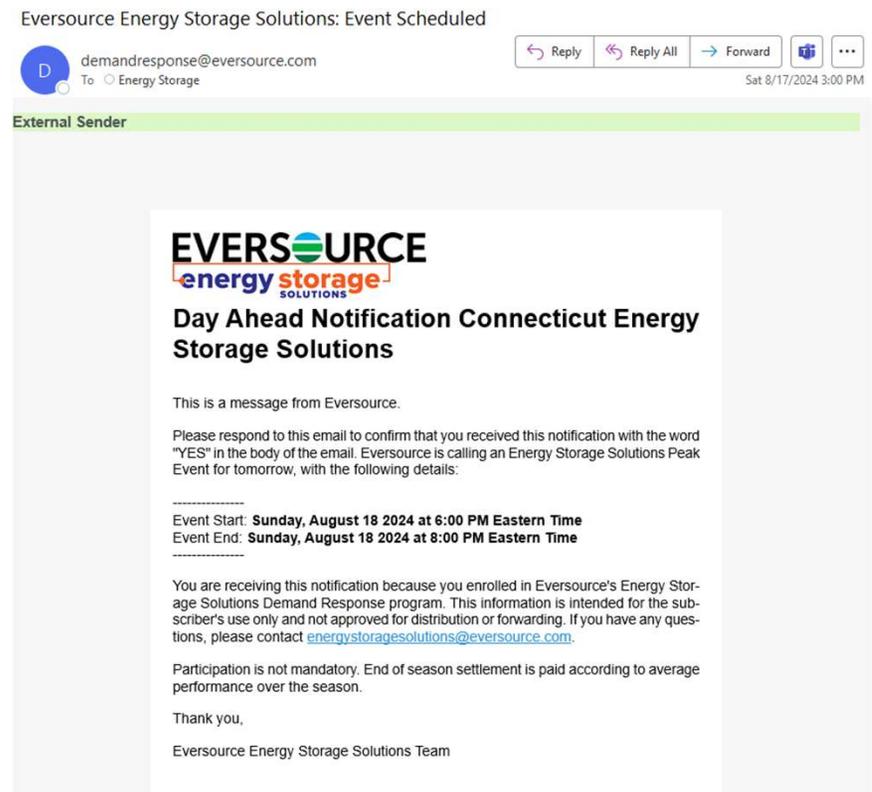
		Summer	Winter
<b>Upfront Incentive (Passive Dispatch)</b>	Events per Season	All non-holiday weekdays	N/A
	Months	June, July & August	N/A
	Event Duration	3 Hours	N/A
	Anticipated Dispatch Window	5 PM to 8 PM	N/A
<b>Performance-Based Incentive (Active Dispatch)</b>	Events per Season	30 to 60	1 to 5
	Months	June through September	November through March
	Event Duration	1 - 3 hours	1 - 3 hours
	Anticipated Dispatch Window	Noon to 9 PM (All Days)	Noon to 9 PM (All Days)

# Passive Dispatch

- If you receive an Upfront Incentive (most customers do), your battery will be pre-programmed to discharge its energy on **weekdays** in **June, July, and August** (except for Juneteenth and the Fourth of July)
- “Set it and forget it” ensures batteries will help offset peak demand without additional input.

# Active Dispatch

- If the utility predicts the peak will occur at a different time – **any time in June, July, August, or September**, your battery will switch to dispatch during that time frame and **earn an additional performance incentive.**
- Active Events are called 24 hours in advance and override Passive Events
- Customers are notified by email
- Active Events are optional – you can opt-out using your battery's app or website



# What about Outages?

- Many battery systems have software that prevents discharge when major weather events are predicted by NWS.
- The utility will cancel any planned events
- No dispatch in April, May, or October
- Typically 2-3 events called between November to March

Incentives



# Commercial Incentives

## Upfront Incentive Levels

Customer Class	Small C&I	Medium C&I	Large C&I
<i>Peak Demand</i>	<i>&lt;200 kW</i>	<i>200-500 kW</i>	<i>&gt;500 kW</i>
Tranche 3 Step 1 (0-50 MW)	\$182 / kWh	\$159.25 / kWh	\$91 / kWh
Priority Customer	\$227.50 / kWh	\$199 / kWh	\$113.75 / kWh

## Performance Incentive Levels

Summer Years 1-5	Winter Years 1-5	Summer Years 6-10	Winter Years 6-10
\$200/kW	\$25/kW	\$115/kW	\$15/kW

*\*Upfront Incentive capped at calculated incentive or 50% of total cost*



## Small House of Worship Example

System size:	<b>40 kW / 60 kWh</b>
Cost before incentives:	<b>\$65,000</b>
Upfront Rebate:	<b>(\$13,650)</b>
30% Federal Tax Credit*:	<b>(\$15,405)</b>
10 Years of Performance Incentives:	<b>(\$21,705) (estimated)</b>

**Net Cost of Backup Power before Demand Savings: \$14,240**

\*See tax professional for more information. ITC adders may apply for multifamily or non-residential projects.



## Large House of Worship Example

System size:	<b>100 kW / 320 kWh</b>
Cost before incentives:	<b>\$384,000</b>
Upfront Rebate:	<b>(\$72,800)</b>
30% Federal Tax Credit*:	<b>(\$93,360)</b>
10 Years of Performance Incentives:	<b>(\$124,026) (estimated)</b>

**Net Cost of Backup Power before Demand Savings: \$94,614**

\*See tax professional for more information. ITC adders may apply for multifamily or non-residential projects.

Get Started



# What is the Process?

1. Visit [www.energystorageCT.com](http://www.energystorageCT.com)
2. Find a Contractor: <https://energystoragect.com/eligible-contractors/>
3. Design system and incentive package with Contractor
4. Find Financing
5. Contractor applies for permits, interconnection, and incentives
6. Green Bank approves project
7. Contractor builds and interconnects system
8. Customer receives ongoing performance incentives

Questions? Reach out to us at [energystorage@ctgreenbank.com](mailto:energystorage@ctgreenbank.com)

Thank you for attending!

